Rittal - The System.

Faster - better - everywhere.

Machine approvals in North America



POWER DISTRIBUTION CLIMATE CONTROL IT INFRASTRUCTURE SOFTWARE & SERVICES





The NEC 2017 introduces more stringent requirements

Rittal has long been prepared

Rittal is always quick to respond to the latest international requirements with suitably adapted, standard-compliant products and up-to-date knowledge for seamless compliance with the latest standards in enclosure manufacturing.

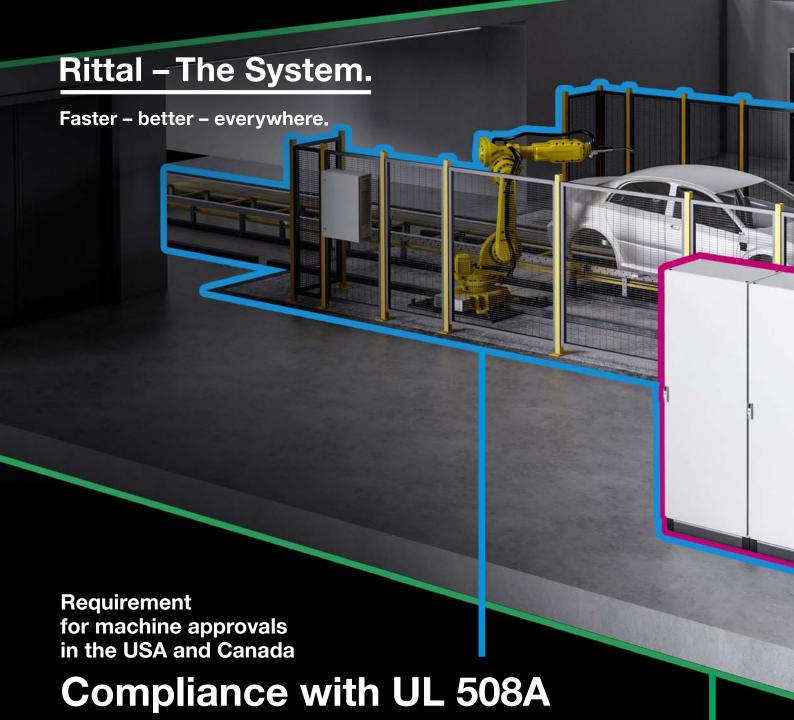
In the USA and Canada, a machine or plant cannot be commissioned until approved by the AHJ (Authority Having Jurisdiction). It verifies compliance with the valid regulations in that state, such as the National Electric Code NEC (NFPA 70).

In practice, approval of the equipment to standard UL 508A is accepted as verification of compliance. Without this verification, the AHJ will not usually issue an operating permit.

UL 508A combines the applicable requirements from the NEPA codes into a "product standard" for enclosures. Compliance with this standard assures the machine or plant manufacturer that the super-ordinate requirements of the NFPA have been met. A UL 508A certificate is generally accepted by an AHJ as evidence of compliance.

A source of practical knowledge: The Rittal seminar on switchgear and control cabinets for North America

Rittal technical seminars are well-known for their topicality, and their focus on enabling participants to quickly translate knowledge into practice.





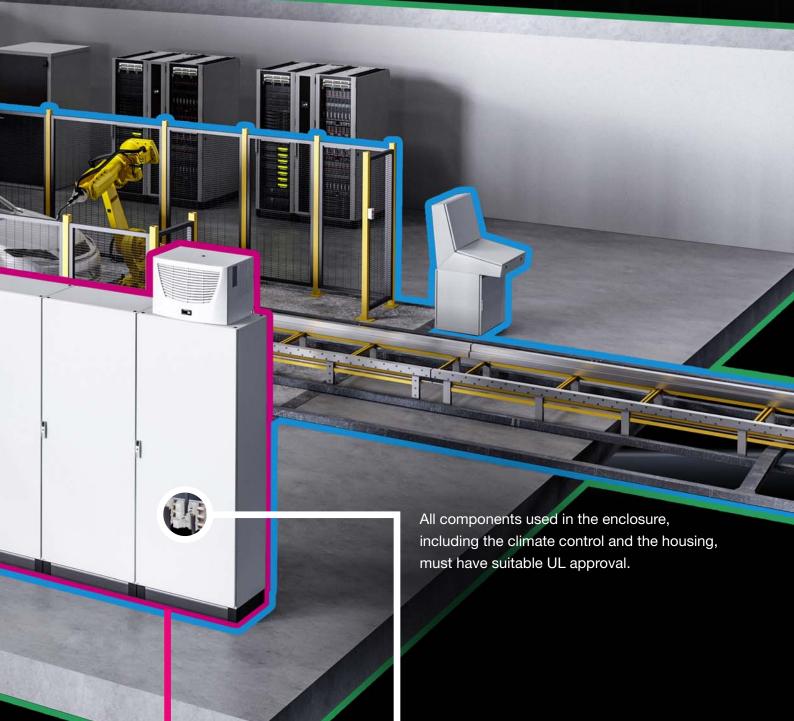
National Fire Protection Association

NFPA 79 applies to the area marked in blue. It outlines the requirements governing the electrical equipment of machines.



NEC

The area outlined in green identifies the area of application of the NEC. The NEC (also published as NFPA 70) is revised by NFPA every three years, and as the National Electrical Code, sets out the fundamental requirements for electrical installations.





UL 508A

The area outlined in magenta specifically considers the requirements of UL 508A for electrical control cabinets. The method outlined in Annex SB is a recognised procedure for determining the SCCR, which is becoming ever more relevant under NEC 2017.



NEC 2017 requirement for short-circuit withstand strength of enclosures at the infeed point

The system's SCCR must be greater than or equal to the SCCR at the supply end.

UL enclosure requirements

The optimum protection solution

The UL enclosure requirements should not be underestimated. Enclosures must protect the electronic components inside from environmental factors such as dirt, dust, humidity and electromagnetic interference.

As such, control gear and switchgear manufacturers should always take care to ensure that these safety standards are met.

Compliance with the UL 508A enclosure requirements is an important basis for the swift commissioning and approval of equipment and machinery.

Rittal offers a broad spectrum of industrial enclosures with UL approval. Most have UL approval with a Type 12 protection category (NEMA12). Some of the enclosures with enhanced sealing protection even support Type 4x applications.

All enclosures - small, compact or large

- Available in sheet steel, stainless steel, polycarbonate and cast aluminium
- Widths up to 1800 mm and heights up to 2200 mm
- High-quality surface treatment
- Up to 1400 kg load capacity





Many accessory parts must also be approved to UL 508A, such as cable glands and enclosure lighting. Here too, "Rittal – The System." meets UL requirements and offers perfectly coordinated system components.



Cable gland

- High level of protection from dust, dirt and liquids
- Available in sizes M12 M63
- Polyamide, brass, and stainless steel
- cULus approved
- Brass to NEMA/UL Type 4x
- Polyamide cCSAus approved



LED system light

- Tool-free assembly with a latching hook system
- Lighting from 400 to 1200 lumens
- Optionally with socket and motion detector
- Suitable for global use with wide-range voltage 100 240 V AC and 24 V DC
- Light, cable and connector suitable for use in the UL 508A range



Rittal isolator door cover

Cleverly conceived solutions

Unlike the IEC world, industrial control panels to UL 508A must have a door latch to prevent the system being switched on while the doors are open, or conversely, prevent the doors being opened with the system switched on.



For commissioning and servicing, UL 508A requires the following:

- A device to open the latch with a tool without interrupting the power supply (deliberate action)
- A device to restore the power supply when the doors are open
- Automatic reactivation of the device when the doors are closed



The Rittal isolator door cover, developed especially for the US market, when used in conjunction with the operating mechanism, adjacent door latch and interconnecting rods, meets the requirements of UL 508A and offers maximum protection.



Operating mechanism

■ Fitted in the enclosure with main switch and additionally in every fourth adjacent enclosure



Adjacent door latch

■ Installation in adjacent enclosure



Interconnecting rods

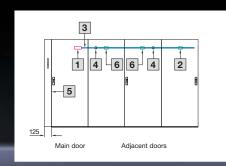
- To extend locking from the main enclosure to the adjacent enclosures of a bayed suite.
- One interconnecting rod corresponding to the width of the enclosure is required for each adjacent enclosure.

Overview of door latch

- 1 Operating mechanism
- 2 Adjacent door latch (single-door)
- 3 Interconnecting rod
- 4 Connection component
- Main door latch
- 6 Adjacent door latch (two-door)
- 7 Electric lock (security lock)
- B Door limit switch

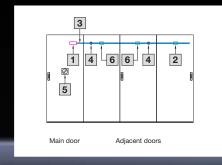
Further information can be found on the Internet:

https://www.rittal.com/isolator-door-cover



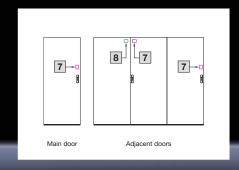
Mechanical main and adjacent door latch

 Supports the use of standard market actuators (actuator levers)



Main door latch with rotational axis and mechanical adjacent door latch

No additional isolator door cover required



Electrical main and adjacent door latch

- Independent from the plant length
- Doors are supported at the front and rear

Rittal NEC 2017 9

Climate control

Rittal climate control components – the perfect choice for UL 508A panels

Rittal products for enclosure climate control are perfectly suited to applications with industrial control panels to UL 508A. The challenge here is to support safety requirements and the type rating of the application (protection category) with suitable approvals.

The solution? Rittal fan-and-filter units, heat exchangers and cooling units have already been suitably pre-tested and approved. All required information for users can be taken from the relevant assembly, installation and operating instructions. Up-to-date certificates can be found on the product homepage.



Additional approval under the category "environmental-rated accessories for enclosures (CCN: FTTA)" is particularly beneficial for users. This ensures that the type rating of the application (enclosure protection category) is retained even if the enclosure has a mounting cut-out for installation of a climate control component. This is a clear benefit which facilitates use in the 508A zone and eliminates potential discussions about reducing the type rating.

Safety

With classification to cUR and cUL standard

Our climate control components in all series have passed all applicable tests to US standards for use on enclosures, and are labelled with the corresponding UL test symbol. Depending on the product group, UL "recognized" or "listed" is appropriate.



The test symbol "UL Listed" is displayed on end products. Products with this label meet the valid normative safety standards in full, and are classified as safe free-standing devices as defined in the US guidelines (such as the National Electric Code NEC).



The test symbol "UL Recognized" is awarded to sub-components in larger systems, such as our fan-and-filter solutions, which are approved as filter fan kits as tested accessories in switchgear category NITW2. Please note that a test symbol for sub-components does not equate to approval of the complete end product. "Recognized" devices or components are admissible. However, "recognized" approval is an important basis for signing off the complete control panel.

All safety-related information for the application, the so-called "Conditions of Acceptability" (CoA), must be made available to the user. If the user follows the assembly, installation and operating instructions for our products, they can be sure of complying with the CoA.



Note:

Climate control components are not included in calculation of the panel SCCR. The exception 3 in section SB4.2 of UL 508A specifies that cooling units with a branch circuit protection of less than 60 A do not require an SCCR.

Rittal NEC 2017 11

Protection category

UL approval process with no additional effort



National Electrical Manufacturers Association

The National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) is a standards organisation in Washington, USA, which publishes a number of technical standards but does not test or certify products itself. Essentially, NEMA classification outlines the protection of individuals from accidental contact with equipment and the protection of an enclosure from external factors.

An enclosure for an industrial control panel needs an approved protection category (type rating). For example, if a cooling unit is used, a cut-out will need to be made in an enclosure.

If the supplied state of the enclosure is changed (e.g. by a cut-out), the enclosure's protection category will no longer apply.

Additional UL listing under category FTTA

Additional approval under the category control number "FTTA" is particularly beneficial for users. This ensures that the type rating (protection category) is retained even if the enclosure has a mounting cut-out for installation of a climate control component. As such, further testing of NEMA-classified enclosures is no longer required.

At minimum, all Rittal climate control components comply with Type 12 rating for switchgear in the indoor zone, or Type 4x rating for use in so-called "wash down areas".

This is a clear benefit which simplifies use in the 508A zone and eliminates discussions about reducing the type rating. The additional "FTTA" approval of Rittal climate control products saves time and money, and streamlines the UL certification process.

Optimum climate control solutions with Rittal products

From planning through to sign-off, you can play it safe with Rittal.

Sign-off Sign-off **Planning Procurement Assembly Export Commissioning** by AHJ² by NRTL¹

Climate control solutions to UL-FTTA

		Saf	Protection category							
Product	Approvals	Standard	File	CCN	FTTA File	NEMA protection category				
Air cooling										
Fan-and-filter units	c FLL us	UL 508A CSA C22.2	E76083	NITW2 NITW8	E491171 ¹⁾	Type 3 Type 3R Type 4X Type 12				
Roof-mounted fan	c FL ius	UL 508A UL 50 UL 50E CSA C22.2	E76083	NITW2 NITW8	E491171 ¹⁾	Type 12				
Rack-mounted fan	c RU us	UL 507 CSA C22.2	E171385	GPWV2 GPWV8	-	-				
Air/air heat exchanger (wall/roof)	c PU us	UL1995 CSA C22.2	E117603	LZFE2 LZFE8	_	-				
Cooling units										
Blue e cooling units (wall/roof)	c 91 2 us	UL 484 CSA C22.2	SA8250	ACVS2 ACVS8	E491171 ¹⁾	Type 12 and 4X for products ending in 4				
Blue e+ cooling units (wall)	C UL US	UL 60335-2-40 CSA C22.2	SA8250	ACVS ACVS7	E491171 ¹⁾	Type 12				
Modular climate control concept	c FU us	UL 484 CSA C22.2	SA8250	ACVS2 ACVS8	-	NEMA 12				
Liquid cooling										
Air/water heat exchanger (wall/roof)	c 711 ° us	UL 1995 CSA C22.2	E117603	LZFE2 LZFE8	E491171 ¹⁾	Type 1 and 3R for products ending in 3				
Liquid Cooling Package	C UL US	UL 1995 CSA C22.2	E117603	LZFE LZFE7	_	NEMA 12				
Blue e+ chillers	C UL US	In progress			_	-				
Enclosure heaters										
Enclosure heaters	c AL us	UL 508 CSA C22.2	E76083	NITW2 NITW8	-	-				
Climate control accessories										
Filter technology	c 91 0 us	UL 508A CSA C22.2	E76083	NITW2 NITW8	E491171 ¹⁾	Type 3 Type 3R Type 4 Type 4X Type 12				
Control/regulation	c AL us	UL 873	E203342	XAPX XAPX2 XAPX7	_	-				

Up-to-date information based on Model Numbers is available on the Internet. Note on recognized: CoA included in assembly instructions.

1) Applied standards: UL 50, UL 50E, UL 508A and CSA C22.2





Note:

Rittal climate control components need not additionally be included in the file of listed panel builders (see UL 508A, table SA1.1, section 26.3). All relevant application information can be found in the assembly, installation and operating instructions.

National Recognized Testing Laboratory
 Authority Having Jurisdiction

All RiLine systems have been tested for an SCCR of 65 kA, eliminating the need for time-consuming verification. The user need only be concerned with SCCR compliance of the top-mounted equipment.



UL-tested Rittal components

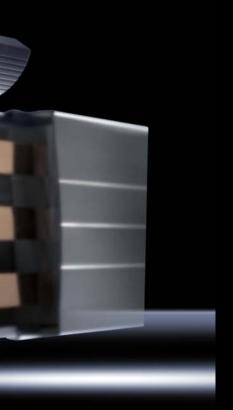
RiLine busbars

Ideal for international use with an approved, cULus-listed 60 mm busbar system.

The RiLine 60 mm busbar system from Rittal has cULus-listed approval. This approval offers clear advantages for international machinery and plant manufacturers with target markets in the USA or Canada: Minimal design input, streamlined sign-off of plant by UL (Underwriters Laboratories) and CSA (Canadian Standards Association), and therefore most importantly, no need to test for compliance with the Conditions of Acceptability (COA) of all the UL-recognized components used.

Consistently tested for an SCCR of 65 kA

For effective support of RiLine busbar technology in enclosures, Rittal has conducted comprehensive testing of all RiLine busbar systems and components, and generated a uniform SCCR of 65 kA. When planning and designing enclosures to UL 508A, users benefit from simple, time-saving design of the busbar systems and components. They need only ensure that the top-mounted equipment used, such as circuit-breakers, motor circuit-breakers and fuses, meet the specified requirements. Tables are included in the Appendix for this purpose, and clearly define the measures needed to meet this condition.



Our expertise - your benefit.

- Simple and fast
 Data is clearly set out in a table, with uniform SCCR
- Effective
 Clear, uniform representation of the SCCR;
 every component has the same SCCR
- Efficient

No additional effort needed to increase the SCCR in various applications

Consideration of SCCR to UL 508A

Fundamental principles

UL 508A Second Edition, including revisions, dated July 31, 2017.

Key terms and regulations

When determining the SCCR, for example in conjunction with the use of busbars, the first aspect to consider is familiarisation with the commonly used components, terms and regulations. The following sections therefore address these framework parameters, with reference to Standard

SCCR terminology

Feeder Circuit

The feeder circuit is subject to increased requirements on creepage distances and clearances. The feeder circuit includes all devices which, viewed from the load side, are positioned after the last Branch Circuit Protective Device (BCPD).

Branch Circuit

There are no increased requirements on branch circuits with regard to creepage distances and clearances. Viewed from the load side, the branch circuit extends as far as the first Branch Circuit Protective Device (BCPD).

SCCR

The Short Circuit Current Rating refers to the short-circuit withstand strength of a component, distributor, system, machine or device. Reference is often made to an overall SCCR for enclosures. As a minimum requirement, this figure must comply with the short-circuit rating of the available power supply.

SCPD

A Short Circuit Protective Device can be used to increase the SCCR under certain conditions.

BCPD

Branch Circuit Protective Devices include fuses to UL 248, circuit-breakers to UL 489, and manual and combination motor controllers type E/F to UL 508. They perform protective functions with regard to overcurrent, short-circuits and earth faults, and must be approved to a suitable standard. In terms of load, the last BCPD represents the boundary between the feeder and branch circuit.

CCN

The Category Control Number classifies devices and components into categories. Which categories may be used in the application are defined, for example, in UL 508A under Table SA1.1.

Ιp

The peak let-through is the maximum current which a currentlimiting device will allow through, in relation to a defined SCCR.

Key and common devices for busbar systems

Device name (IEC)	Device name (UL)	UL Category Control Number	Symbol		
		(CCN)	IEC	UL	
Circuit-breaker	Circuit breaker, moulded case and circuit breaker enclosures	DIVQ	* 1	6 ₂ 3	
Motor circuit-breaker	Motor controllers, manual (Type E)	NLRV	3	69 450	
Motor-starter combination	Combination motor controllers (Type F)	NKJH	3 L D 1 1 -K1 2	40-x1-0+	
Fuse	Cartridge fuses, non-renewable	JDDZ	ф	þ	

SCCR regulations

Which short circuit-limiting protective and switching devices SCPD can be used in the feeder circuit to increase the SCCR?

Short circuit-limiting protective devices (SCPDs) may be used to increase the SCCR value of an enclosure. If the peak let-through of an SCPD (feeder fuse/feeder breaker) is less than the SCCR of the relevant component in the branch circuit, that component's SCCR may be raised to the feeder SCCR under consideration.

The following components may be used as SCPDs:

I Circuit breaker, moulded case and circuit breaker enclosures "current limiting"

Only MCCBs specifically labelled as "current limiting" may be used, because the current-limiting function must be part of the approval. This current-limiting property must be verified at regular intervals by the manufacturer.

II Cartridge fuses

Here too, the manufacturer must provide regular verification of the peak let-throughs.

For example, the fuse type must be a fuse class CC, class J... listed under UL 248. The peak let-throughs (I_p) shown in Table SB4.2 of UL 508A apply. In this connection, it is important to note that the selected current-limiting protective device (SCPD) may only be used to increase the SCCR of components in the branch circuit. The SCCR of components in the feeder circuit cannot be improved in this way.

2

The following components may be used as BCPD:

- I Fuse with UL Category Control Number JDDZ
- II Circuit breaker, moulded case circuit breaker enclosures with UL Category Control Number DIVQ
- III Manual motor controller with UL Category Control Number NLRV
- IV Combination motor controller with UL Category Control Number NKJH

3

Use of a "Serial Rating"

A serial rating cannot be applied to any random combination of a current-limiting device with another device, such as a contactor. Such untested combinations are not classed as a combination motor controller in accordance with UL 508.

A serial rating of two or more devices must be tested in this combination, and can only be used to increase the SCCR in this exact combination of devices. If no serial rating exists for this combination, the lowest SCCR of the two individual devices applies.

4

What is a "high fault" SCCR?

A High Fault Short Circuit Rating is the SCCR specified on or in the device documentation, and is greater than the Standard Fault Short Circuit Current Rating shown in UL 508A, Table SB 4.1.

Compliance with the high fault SCCR may be conditional upon a current-limiting protective device being positioned upstream of the components or system.

Important for UL 508A: Short-circuit withstand strength

SCCR to the lowest common denominator

Determining the overall SCCR in the enclosure

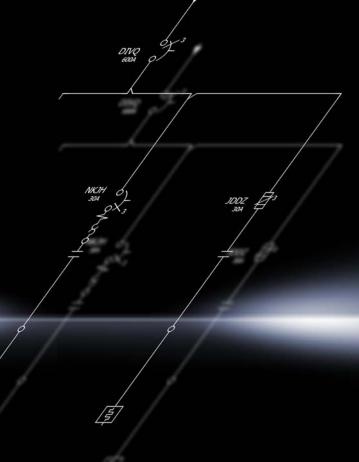
Determining the SCCR (Short Circuit Current Rating) entails ascertaining which components or tested combinations in the main circuits inside the enclosure have the lowest SCCR. The lowest individual SCCR determines the SCCR of the overall enclosure (overall SCCR). An enclosure's SCCR ultimately determines whether the application's short-circuit withstand strength requirements match the available SCCR from the power supply. This usually affects power circuits. With control circuits, it is not necessary to determine the SCCR, because transformers are usually connected upstream. To calculate the overall SCCR of an enclosure, the planner must consider the individual SCCR value of each component and device, from the load side through to the feed-in point.

Plan ahead, ensure a high level of efficiency

The overall SCCR should be taken into account at the planning stage, since by selecting correct components and devices, and also by using suitable application techniques for short circuit current-limiting devices, it is usually possible to achieve a cost-effective solution with the required SCCR. Considering the SCCR at a later date, for example at the time of commissioning, could lead to higher material and modification costs if the required SCCR is not met, causing costs to rise exponentially.

The verification procedure as set out in the SB supplement to UL 508A

The NEC offers two verification options. The first of these is by having the system tested to a recognised verification procedure such as that set out in the SB supplement to UL 508A. As testing is always time-consuming and costly in terms of materials and personnel, this verification procedure has emerged as an important tool.



Diagrammatic representation of the procedure for determining the overall SCCR of an enclosure to UL 508A

SB4.2

Ascertain the SCCR of the individual components in the power circuit

- 4.2.1 List those devices that are not covered by the SCCR approach
- 4.2.2 a) Determine the SCCR using the rating plate or manufacturer documentation of the device/component
- 4.2.2 b) Determine the SCCR in accordance with Table SB4.1
- 4.2.2 c) Determine the SCCR by testing to UL 508

SB4.3

Ascertain the feeder components that may be used to limit the short-circuit.

- 4.3.1 Limit the short circuit current with a transformer in the feeder
- 4.3.2 Increase the SCCR by using a current-limiting circuit-breaker in the feeder
- 4.3.3 Increase the SCCR by using current-limiting fuses in the feeder

SB4.4

Determine the overall SCCR of the enclosure

- 4.4.1 Determine the smallest SCCR of all power circuits including a control current protective device
- 4.4.4 a) For enclosures with only one power circuit and no outgoing protective device (BCPD) within the enclosure
- 4.4.4 b) For enclosures with only one power circuit and an outgoing protective device (BCPD) within the enclosure
- 4.4.4 c) For enclosures with multiple outgoing circuits and feeder components such as circuit-breakers, disconnectors, busbar systems, terminal blocks, overcurrent protective devices

Further information on calculation of the SCCR can be found in the SB Supplement to UL 508A.

Consideration of SCCR to UL 508A

Practical example

Consideration of SCCR incorporating a busbar assembly

Busbars are a standard feature in modern enclosure assembly.

RiLine systems are all tested for an SCCR of 65 kA.

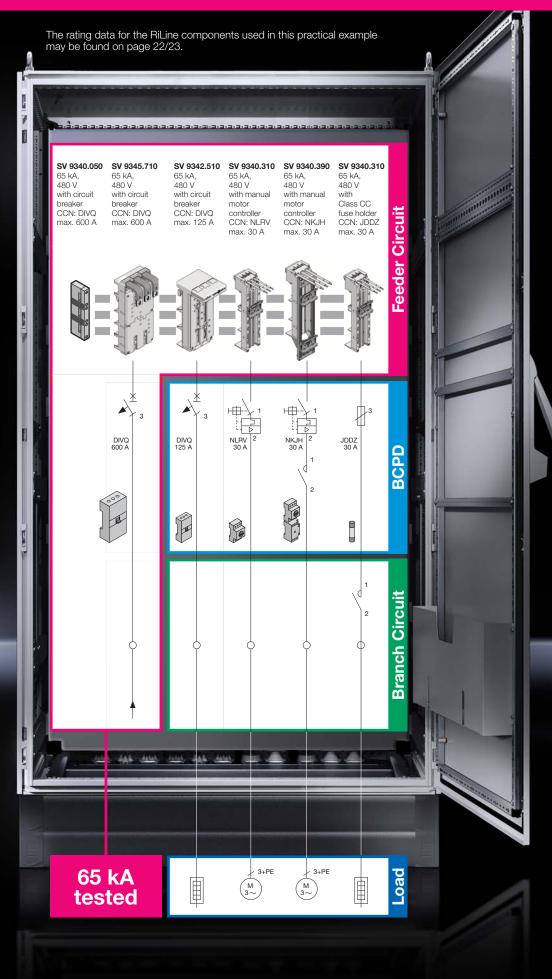
This therefore eliminates the need for time-consuming verification.

The user need only be concerned with the SCCR compliance of the top-mounted equipment.

Here is an example of SCCR in busbar systems.



SCCR in a busbar assembly



RiLine busbars

Overview of SCCR

Initial overview of UL 508A-compliant RiLine busbars and components

The following table lists all the key products covered by the 65 kA short circuit current rating, but does not include all UL-listed items in the RiLine product range.

Selection of RiLine UL busbar systems and components compliant with UL 508A

	mant with SE 555/1								
Model No.	Code	SCCR (Short Circuit Current Rating) kA	Rated voltage V AC	SCPD (Short Circuit Protective Device) type	SCPD rating max. A	CCN (Category Control Number)	Busbar dimensions W x H mm	Distance between busbar supports mm	
Flat copper bar system									
9340.050	Busbar support (UL), 3-pole, 60 mm		480	Circuit breaker	600	DIVQ	30 x 5/10	250	
9340.004	Centre-to-centre spacing, for E-Cu 15 x 5 – 30 x 10 mm	65	600	Fuse Class L	800	JDDZ			
PLS 800 busbar system									
9341.050	Busbar support PLS 800 (UL), 3-pole, 60 mm centre-to-centre spacing	65	480 600	Circuit breaker Fuse Class J	600 600	DIVQ JDDZ	PLS 800	150	
PLS 1600 b	usbar system							,	
9342.050	Busbar support PLS 1600, 3-pole, 60 mm centre-to-centre spacing		600	Fuse Class L	1400	JDDZ	- PLS 1600	250	
		65	600	Fuse Class L	1600	JDDZ		100	
9342.004	Busbar support PLS 1600 PLUS, 4-pole, 60 mm centre-to-centre spacing		480	Circuit breaker	1200	DIVQ		250	
OM adapto	rs		ı	ı					
9340.760	OM adaptor, AWG 12, 3-pole, W = 45 mm		600	Fuse Class J	30	JDDZ			
9340.780			480	Combination Motor Controller	32	NKJH			
9340.310			600	Fuse Class J	30	JDDZ			
9340.320 9340.340 9340.370	OM adaptor, AWG 12, 3-pole, W = 45 mm		480	Combination Motor Controller	32	NKJH			
	.400 OM adaptor, AWG 12, 3-pole, W = 90 mm		600	Fuse Class J	30	NLRV			
9340.400		65	480	Manual Motor Controller Combination Motor Controller	32	NKJH	30 x 5/10 PLS 800		
9340.350			600	Fuse Class J	30	JDDZ			
9340.380 9340.390 9340.770	OM adaptor, AWG 10, 3-pole, W = 45 mm		480	Combination Motor Controller	32	NKJH			
			600	Fuse Class J	30	NLRV			
9340.460 9340.470	OM adaptor, AWG 10, 3-pole, W = 55 mm		480	Manual Motor Controller Combination Motor Controller	32	NKJH		250	
9340.720			600	Fuse Class J	60	JDDZ	PLS 1600		
9340.730 9340.740 9340.750	OM adaptor, AWG 8, 3-pole, W = 55 mm		480	Manual Motor Controller Combination Motor	63	NLRV			
			400	Controller	03	NKJH			
9340.710	OM adaptor, AWG 8, 3-pole, W = 75 mm		600	Fuse Class J	60	JDDZ			
			480	Manual Motor Controller Combination Motor Controller	63	NLRV NKJH			
9340.410			600	Fuse Class J	60	JDDZ			
9340.430 9340.450	OM adaptor, AWG 6, 3-pole, W = 55 mm		480	Manual Motor Controller Combination Motor Controller	63	NLRV NKJH			
			600	Fuse Class J	60	JDDZ			
9340.700	OM adaptor, AWG 6, 3-pole, W = 75 mm		480	Manual Motor Controller Combination Motor Controller	63	NLRV NKJH			

Further details can be found at www.rittal.com

For clarity, other tested short-circuit ratings and accessory components such as covers, base trays, busbars etc. are not shown here. This information can be viewed in Rittal UL-File E191125 or at www.rittal.com on the relevant product pages, or in the online certificate for UL-File E191125.

Model No.	Code	SCCR (Short Circuit Current Rating) kA	Rated voltage V AC	SCPD (Short Circuit Protective Device) type	SCPD rating max. A	CCN (Category Control Number)	Busbar dimensions W x H mm	Distance between busbar supports mm	
Busbar con	Busbar connection adaptors								
9342.200	Busbar connection adaptor 63 A, 3-pole	_	600	Fuse Class J	60	JDDZ			
9342.210	Busbai connection adaptor to A, 5-pole		480	Manual Motor Controller	65	NLRV			
9342,240	Busbar connection adaptor 125 A, 3-pole		600	Fuse Class J	400	JDDZ			
00121210	Bassa connection adapter 1207, 6 perc		480	Circuit breaker	125	DIVQ			
9342,224	Busbar connection adaptor 125 A, 4-pole		600	Fuse Class J	400	JDDZ			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		480	Circuit breaker	125	DIVQ			
9342.250 9342.270	Busbar connection adaptor 250 A, 3-pole		600	Fuse Class J	400	JDDZ			
9342.270			480	Circuit breaker	250	DIVQ			
9342.254	Busbar connection adaptor 250 A, 4-pole		600	Fuse Class J	400	JDDZ			
			480	Circuit breaker	250	DIVQ			
9342.311	Connection block 800 A, 1-pole		600 480	Fuse Class L Circuit breaker	800 600	JDDZ DIVQ	12 x 5 – 30 x 10		
	Dual-constitution adapting 200 A (0. d. d.)	65	600	Fuse Class L	800	JDDZ	PLS 800	250	
9342.310	Busbar connection adaptor 800 A (3 x 1-pole), cable outlet at the top/bottom (60 mm)		480	Circuit breaker	600	DIVQ	PLS 1600		
	, ,		600	Fuse Class L	800	JDDZ			
9342.314	Busbar connection adaptor 800 A, add-on kit for SV 9342.310 (4-pole layout)		480	Circuit breaker	600	DIVQ			
9342,290			600	Fuse Class L	800	JDDZ			
9342.300	Busbar connection adaptor 800 A, 3-pole		480	Circuit breaker	600	DIVQ			
0040.00:	O		600	Fuse Class L	1600	JDDZ			
9342.321	Connection block 1600 A, 1-pole		480	Circuit breaker	1200	DIVQ			
9342.320	Busbar connection adaptor 1600 A (3 x 1-pole),		600	Fuse Class L	1600	JDDZ			
9342.320	cable outlet at the top/bottom (60 mm)		480	Circuit breaker	1200	DIVQ			
9342.324	Busbar connection adaptor 1600 A,		600	Fuse Class L	1600	JDDZ			
	add-on kit for SV 9342.320 (4-pole layout)		480	Circuit breaker	1200	DIVQ			
	aker component adaptors		I				T		
9342.400 9342.410	Circuit-breaker component adaptor 100 A, 3-pole			Manual Motor Controller	100	NLRV			
9342.540 9342.550	Circuit-breaker component adaptor 125 A, 3-pole				125				
9342.504 9342.514	Circuit-breaker component adaptor 125 A, 4-pole				125	DIVQ	30 x 5/10 PLS 800 PLS 1600	250	
9342.610	Circuit-breaker component adaptor 250 A, 3-pole	65	480	Circuit breaker	0.50				
9345.604 9345.614	Circuit-breaker component adaptor 250 A, 4-pole				250				
9345.720 9345.730	Circuit-breaker component adaptor 400 A, 3-pole				400				
9345.700 9345.710	Circuit-breaker component adaptor 630 A, 3-pole				600				
Fuse holde			1	I			ı		
9345.100	Fuse holder class J, 61 – 100 A, 3-pole (60 mm)	100			100	JDDZ	30 x 5/10 PLS 800 PLS 1600	250	
9345.200	Fuse holder class J, 101 – 200 A, 3-pole (60 mm)		600	Fuse Class J	200				
9345.400	Fuse holder class J, 201 – 400 A, 3-pole (60 mm)				400				
Accessorie	Accessories								
3079.010	Universal support for laminated copper bars	65	480	Circuit breaker	1200	DIVQ	2 x 63 x 10 mm	250	
3073.010	up to 2 x 63 x 10 mm	55	700	Oil Gait Di Bartei	1200	טועע	lam. Cu	200	

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